

Introduction

The GIMIX GHOST MOTHER BOARD provides bus interconnections and physical support for the other boards in the GIMIX GHOST computer. It has 15 slots for full-sized (SS-50) boards, and 8 slots for I/O-sized (SS-30) boards.

The board has many features which make it very versatile and easy to use in a variety of applications and configurations.

ITS MAIN FEATURES ARE:

- * Fully compatible with the SS-50 (6800) and SS-50C (6809) buses.
- * Gold bus connectors
- * 4, 8, or 16 decoded addresses per I/O slot
- * On board baud rate generator (75 to 38,400 baud)
- * All data and address buffers have hysteresis for increased noise margins.
- * The I/O block is DIP-switch addressable to any 32, 64, or 128 byte boundary (depending on the selected number of addresses per slot).

HARDWARE CONFIGURATION:

I/O SLOT SIZE:

There are two ways to change the I/O slot size depending on the users needs. The board is normally supplied with 1 74LS244 IC. installed at location U-3 and DIP-switch S3-1 ON. This selects 4 decoded addresses per I/O slot. To select either 8 or 16 addresses per slot move the 74LS244 to location U-4 (8 addresses) or U-5 (16 addresses) and set the corresponding section of SW-3 ON (S3-2 for 8 and S3-3 for 16).

If you wish to be able to change I/O slot size by DIP-switch alone without moving the 74LS244 you can install additional 74LS244s at locations U-4 and U-5 and turn on the proper switch section for the desired slot size. NOTE: BE SURE ONLY THE DIP-SWITCH SECTION CORRESPONDING TO THE DESIRED SLOT SIZE IS ON, THE OTHER 2 OF THE 3 SECTIONS (S3-1,2,3,) THAT CONTROL SLOT SIZE MUST BE OFF.

Regardless of the method selected for determining I/O slot size, when using 8 addresses per slot, S1-1 (A5) is a "DON'T CARE", its position does not affect the address decoding. When using 16 addresses per slot, S1-1 (A5) and S1-2 (A6) MUST BE IN THE ON POSITION for correct decoding.

I/O BLOCK ADDRESSING:

THE DIP-switches S-1 and S-2 control the addressing of the I/O block. The I/O block occupies 32, 64, or 128 bytes depending on whether you are using 4, 8, or 16 addresses per I/O slot. S2-6 enables and disables the entire block. When S2-6 is ON the I/O block is disabled and no decoding takes place. With S2-6 OFF the I/O block is enabled and it appears beginning at the address set by the remaining sections of switches S-1 and S-2.

S1 section 1 thru 6 correspond to address bits 5 thru 10, and S2 sections 1 thru 5 correspond to address bits 11 thru 15 respectively. When a switch is ON the corresponding address bit must be a 0 for a match. When a switch is OFF that address bit must be a 1 for a match. Thus a switch setting of ON,OFF,ON,OFF,ON,ON,OFF,OFF is equivalent to a binary address of 01010011 .

ADDRESSING EXAMPLES:

I/O block at \$8000 (standard MIKBUG<CR> location).

S1	S2	
1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	S3-1 = ON (closed)
N N N N N N	N N N N F F	74LS244 at location
	F F	U-3 for 4 addresses per slot.

I/O block at \$F400 (8 addresses per slot).

S1	S2	
1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
X 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	S3-2 = ON (closed)
N N N N F	N F F F F F	74LS244 at location
F	F F F F F	U-4 for 8 addresses per slot.

X="DON'T CARE"

I/O block at \$E000 (16 addresses per slot).
(standard GMXBUG09 / SBUG-E location)

S1	S2	
1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	
0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	S3-3 = ON (closed)
N N N N N N	N N F F F F	74LS244 at location
* *	F F F F	U-5 for 16 addresses per slot.

*="MUST BE ON"

(For 16 addresses per slot)

BAUD RATE SELECTION:

Note: All references to baud rates assume a UART or ACIA which requires or is programmed for a 16X clock input.

The baud rate generator provides 17 standard baud rates from 75 to 38,400 baud. The baud rates are divided into two groups, the low group from 75 to 9600 baud and the high group from 300 to 38,400 baud. DIP-switch S3-6 (B) selects which group is available at the DIP-socket / header at location J-1. When S3-6 is ON (closed) the low group is selected, when S3-6(B) is OFF (open) the high group is selected. Up to 5 different rates from the selected group can be connected to the 5 baud rate lines of the 30 pin I/O bus by jumpers on the header at J-1. Pins 10 thru 14 of the header connect to the buffer that drives the I/O bus lines. Pins 1 thru 9 connect to the outputs of the 14411 bit rate generator IC U-13.

The baud rates shown on the schematic diagram are those available when the low group is selected. When the high group is selected the available rates are four times those shown in the diagram.

The following are the available baud rates and their corresponding pins at J-1 for both the low (L) and high (H) groups.

PIN #	L	H	PIN #	L	H
1	1200	4800	6	75	300
2	600	2400	7	2400	9600
3	300	1200	8	9600	38400
4	150	600	9	4800	19200
5	110	*			

* 4 times 110 baud produces a non standard rate.

Normally the GIMIX MOTHER BOARD is supplied with the header jumpered for the standard 110 thru 1200 baud lines. To change any of these remove the jumper from the desired input and connect a new jumper from the desired output line to that input. The board comes with either of two types of header. One is a standard solder type header. Old jumpers can be unsoldered and new ones soldered in. The other type which may be supplied is an insulation displacement header. Remove the old jumpers by carefully pulling them up with a needle-nose pliers. New ones must be made from #26 or #27 Ga. magnet wire. Press the end of the wire carefully into the notched contact of the header with the needle-nose pliers. A length of the proper wire for the jumpers is provided with boards that have this type of header.

In addition a second jumper area has been provided to allow the interconnection of the baud rate lines of the 30 pin I/O bus and the corresponding lines of the main bus. When boards such as the GIMIX 8 port serial board without on board baud rate generator are to be used, one or more jumpers must be installed at this location to provide baud rates. This jumper area is located at the left rear corner of the 50 pin bus and consists of two rows of five gold plated pins which can be strapped as required with wire wrap or with standard 0.100 center jumper blocks.

SWTPC MF-68 DISK SYSTEMS:

For the convenience of those using the SWT MF-68 disk system S3-4(D) has been included. Setting this switch ON connects the select line of I/O slot #5 to UD-3 as required by this disk system. Unless an MF-68 system is being used this switch should be OFF.

6809 SLOW I/O CIRCUIT:

The GIMIX mother board includes a slow I/O device circuit for use with 6809 CPU based systems. This circuit allows the use of slower I/O devices with higher speed versions of the 6809. The circuit generates a pulse, of controlled duration each time the I/O bus is accessed by the CPU. When S3-5(S) is ON the output is connected to the MRDY line on the bus and a slow memory cycle is generated when the I/O bus is accessed.

ADDITIONAL JUMPER PADS:

Jumper pads N thru R (see schematic and board layout diagrams) allow rearranging the connections between the main bus interrupt lines (NMI, IRQ, and UD2 < 6809 FIRQ >) and the I/O bus. To rearrange these connections cut the PC traces, if any, between the pads and solder jumpers between them as required.

EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS:

Two clamping terminal blocks, one at the front and one at the rear of the board, are provided for making external connections to the buses. The one at the front provides the following connections

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Q	F	*	M	+	-	+	+	+	G	G	G	G	G	
	I		R	1	1	8	8	8	N	N	N	N	N	
	R		D	6	6	V	V	V	D	D	D	D	D	
	Q		Y	V	V									

* = no connection tie point only

The rear terminal block provides the following connections.

1	UD1
2	UD2
3	UD3
4	UD4

NOTE: SOME OF THESE LINES MAY HAVE DIFFERENT SIGNALS DEPENDING ON THE BUS DEFINITION BEING USED (SS-50 or SS-50C) SEE THE CHART AT THE END OF THIS MANUAL FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

HARDWARE DESCRIPTION:

I/O DECODING:

U-2 (74LS240) and U-3, U-4, or U-5 (74LS244) provide buffering for the address and control signals from the main bus. The position of the 74LS244 at either U-3, 4, or 5 determines how the address lines connect to the decoding circuitry and therefore how many addresses each I/O slot occupies. DIP switch S3 1, 2, and 3 determine which of the three positions is enabled. U-7 (74LS138) decodes 3 of the lower address lines to provide a select signal to each of the 8 I/O slots. U-1 and U-8 (8136) combine the upper address lines with VMA to provide an enable signal for the entire I/O block. The remaining low address lines A0, A1, and optionally A2 and A3 are routed to the I/O bus as RS0, RS1, RS2(UD-3) and RS3(UD-4). U-9 (74LS10) combines the enable signal from the address decoder with O2(E) clock and R/W from the buffers to provide direction and enable control for Bi-directional buffers U-11 and U-12(74LS242) which control data flow between the main and I/O buses. The third section of U-9 drives one-shot U-10 (74121) to generate the 680 μ s slow I/O signal.

BAUD RATE GENERATOR:

U-13 (14411) and crystal Y-1 form a standard bit rate generator. The outputs are connected to J-1 where they can be jumpered to the input of U-14 (74L04) which buffers them and drives the baud rate lines on the I/O and, optionally, the main bus. DIP-switch S3-6(B) sets U-13 to one of two of its internal divide ratios.

GIMIX 6800/6809 MOTHERBOARD

PARTS LIST

QTY.	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
2	8136	U-1,8
1	74LS240	U-2
# 3	74LS244	U-3,4,5
1	7805	U-6
1	74LS138	U-7
1	74LS10	U-9
1	74LS121	U-10
2	74LS242	U-11,12
1	14411	U-13
1	74L04	U-14

one standard two optional

2	4.7K x 7 SIP	R-1,3
1	10 ohm	R-2
1	6.8K	R-4
1	4.7K	R-5
1	4.7K x 5 SIP	R-6
1	470 ohm	R-7
1	1.1K x 9 SIP	R-8
1	4.7K	R-9
3	6.8K	R-10,11,12
1	1M	R-20
8	10K	no reference, soldered directly to back side of P.C. board.
6	.047 uf ceramic	C-1,2,3,4,5,10
3	10 uf 25 V. tantalum	C-6,7,9
2	100 pf mica	C-8,11
1	2N3904 transistor	Q1
1	24-0034-9 P.C. board	
1	6107-14 heat sink	
2	6 position DIP-switch	S-1,2
1	5 position DIP-switch	S-3
99	MOLEX conn. # 09-70-1101 or equivalent.	
1	14 position barrier block	
1	4 position barrier block	
1	1.8432 Mhz. crystal	
4	DIP socket 20 pin	
3	DIP socket 16 pin	
6	DIP socket 14 pin	
1	DIP socket 24 pin	
1	DIP header 14 pin	
1	4-40 x 5/16 screw	
1	4-40 nut	

SS-50 BUS DESIGNATIONS

SS-50	GIMIX	SS-50C	SS-30	GIMIX	SS-30C
D0	D0	D0	UD3	UD3	R52
D1	D1	D1	UD4	UD4	R53
D2	D2	D2	-12	-16	-16
D3	D3	D3	+12	+16	+16
D4	D4	D4	GND	GND	GND
D5	D5	D5	GND	GND	GND
D6	D6	D6	INDEX	INDEX	INDEX
D7	D7	D7	NMI	FIRQ	FIRQ
A15	A15	A15	IRQ	IRQ	IRQ
A14	A14	A14	R50	R50	R50
A13	A13	A13	R51	R51	R51
A12	A12	A12	D0	D0	D0
A11	A11	A11	D1	D1	D1
A10	A10	A10	D2	D2	D2
A9	A9	A9	D3	D3	D3
A8	A8	A8	D4	D4	D4
A7	A7	A7	D5	D5	D5
A6	A6	A6	D6	D6	D6
A5	A5	A5	D7	D7	D7
A4	A4	A4	02	E	E
A3	A3	A3	R/W	R/W	R/W
A2	A2	A2	+8V	+8V	+8V
A1	A1	A1	+8V	+8V	+8V
A0	A0	A0	1200b	1200b	1200b
GND	GND	GND	600b	600b	4800b
GND	GND	GND	300b	300b	300b
GND	GND	GND	150b	150b	9600b
+8V	+8V	+8V	110b	110b	110b
+8V	+8V	+8V	RESET	RESET	RESET
+8V	+8V	+8V	I/O SEL	CS	I/O SEL
-12	-16	-16			
+12	+16	+16			
INDEX	INDEX	INDEX			
MRST	MRDY	MRDY			
NMI	NMI	BUSY			
IRQ	IRQ	IRQ			
UD2	FIRQ	FIRQ			
UD1	Q	Q			
02	E	E			
UMA	UMA	UMA			
R/W	R/W	R/W			
RESET	RESET	RESET			
BA	BA	BA			
01	B5	B5			
HALT	HALT	HALT			
110b	BUSRQ	BUSRQ or 110b			
150b	UD5	9600b or 53			
300b	UD6	300b or 52			
600b	UD7	4800b or 51			
1200b	UD8	1200b or 50			

NOTE: THIS CHART DOES NOT INDICATE THE POLARITY OF THE SIGNALS. IT IS ONLY A COMPARISON OF THEIR NAMES.

THE NAMES IN THE "GIMIX" COLUMN REFLECT THE DESIGNATIONS THAT APPEAR ON THE MOTHER BOARD ITSELF AND IN THE DOCUMENTATION. THE ACTUAL SIGNALS AT SOME OF THE PINS DEPENDS ON THE JUMPER CONFIGURATION OF THE BOARD AND THE PARTICULAR CPU CARD INSTALLED.

NOTE: BAUD RATES SHOWN ARE WITH SW-3 B ON (SEE DOCUMENTATION)

